

Academic Year (2020-2021) Worksheet

Class-4: English **Day-27** Date: 01.05.2020

Write meanings for the given words and make one sentence of your own for the words given below

- 1) lovely
- 2) buzzing
- 3) tiniest
- 4) creatures
- 5) chirping
- 6) snuggles
- 7) mutter
- 8) window sill
- 9) snore
- 10) relax
- 11) mirror
- 12) funniest
- 13) breathing
- 14) sticking
- 15) giggle



Academic Year (2020-2021) Worksheet

Class-4: Hindi Day-27 Date:01.05.2020

Reinforcement of Day 3 & 4 Activities

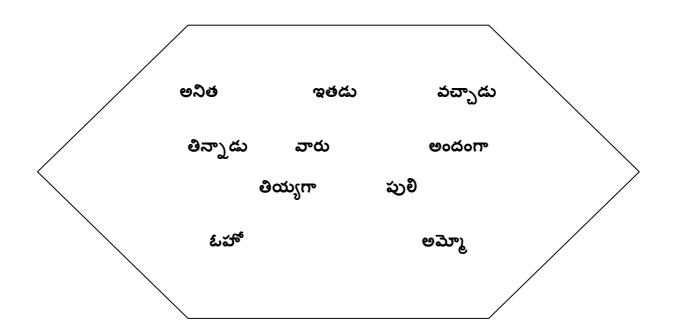
1.।नम्नालाखत राब्दा का वाक्य म प्रयाग काजिए -
1.बादशाह - –
2.ईंमानदार –
3.क्लब
4.बग़ीचा
5.शहर
6.रेलगाड़ी –
7.समस्या –
8.पोशाक
9.मिठाई –
10.रसोईघर –
11.विरोध
12.आश्रम
13.भारत
14.उत्साह –
15.बाजार



Academic Year (2020-2021) Worksheet

Class-4: Telugu Day-27 Date:01.05.2020

కింది బొమ్మలో ఇవ్వబడిన భాషా భాగాలను గుర్తించి, కింది పట్టికలో రాయండి.



నామవాచకం	సర్వనామం	విశేషణం	క్రియ	అవ్యయం



Academic Year (2020-2021) Worksheet

Class-4: Mathematics Day-27 Date:01.05.2020

1. Solve the following

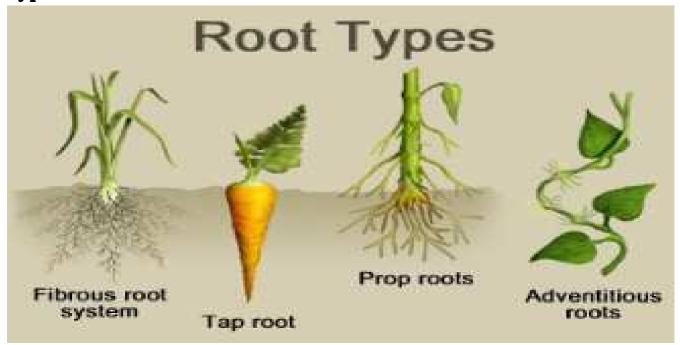
- a) Subtract 328 from 565.
- b) Subtract 687 from 954.
- c) Subtract 234 from 1000.
- d) Subtract 300 from 960.
- e) Subtract 560 from 800.
- **2.** The population of a village is 835. The number of males are 486. What is the number of females?
- 3. There are 350 students in a school. If 218 students are boys, how many girls students are there in the school?
- **4.** Learn and Write table 20.



Academic Year (2020-2021) Worksheet

Class-4: EVS Day-27 Date:01.05.2020

Types of roots:



Activity: Try to write few examples of each type of root.

Fibrous root	Tap root	Prop root	Adventitious root

Types of plants:

Herb is a short-sized plant with soft, green, delicate stem without the woody tissues. They complete their life cycle within one or two seasons. Generally, they have few branches or are branch less. These can be easily uprooted from the soil. Herbs contain enough nutritional benefits including vitamins and minerals to make it a part of a healthy balanced diet. Tomato, wheat, paddy, grass are a few examples of herbs.

Shrubs are medium-sized, woody plants taller than herbs and shorter than a tree. Their features include bushy, hard and woody stems with many branches. Although stems are hard, they are flexible but not fragile.

The life-span of these plants are for many years. Jasmine lemon and henna are some of the common shrubs around us.

Trees are big and tall plants. They have very thick, woody and hard stems called the trunk. This single main stem or the trunk gives rise to many branches that bear leaves, flowers and fruits. Some trees are branch less like coconut tree; i.e., they have only one main stem which bears leaves, flowers, and fruits all by itself. The life-span of the trees is very large. i.e., for several years. Banyan, mango, neem, cashew, teak, oak are some examples of trees.

In addition to these three categories of plants, there are two more types which need some support to grow. They are specifically called climbers and creepers.

Creepers, as the name suggests, are plants that creep on the ground. They have very fragile, long, thin stems that can neither stand erect nor support all its weight. Examples include strawberry and sweet potatoes.

Climbers are much more advanced than creepers. Climbers have a very thin, long and weak stem which cannot stand upright but they can use external support to grow vertically and carry their weight. These types of plants use special structures called tendrils to climb. Few climber plants names include grapevine, sweet gourd, runner beans, etc.

Activity: Try to write few examples for each type of the plant, to fill the following table.

Herb	Shrub	Tree	creepers	Climbers